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7TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON ECO-COMPENSATION AND PES

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ENVIRONMENT AND POVERTY NEXUS AND DECOUPLING: LESSONS LEARNED FROM DMCS



Cambodia development context

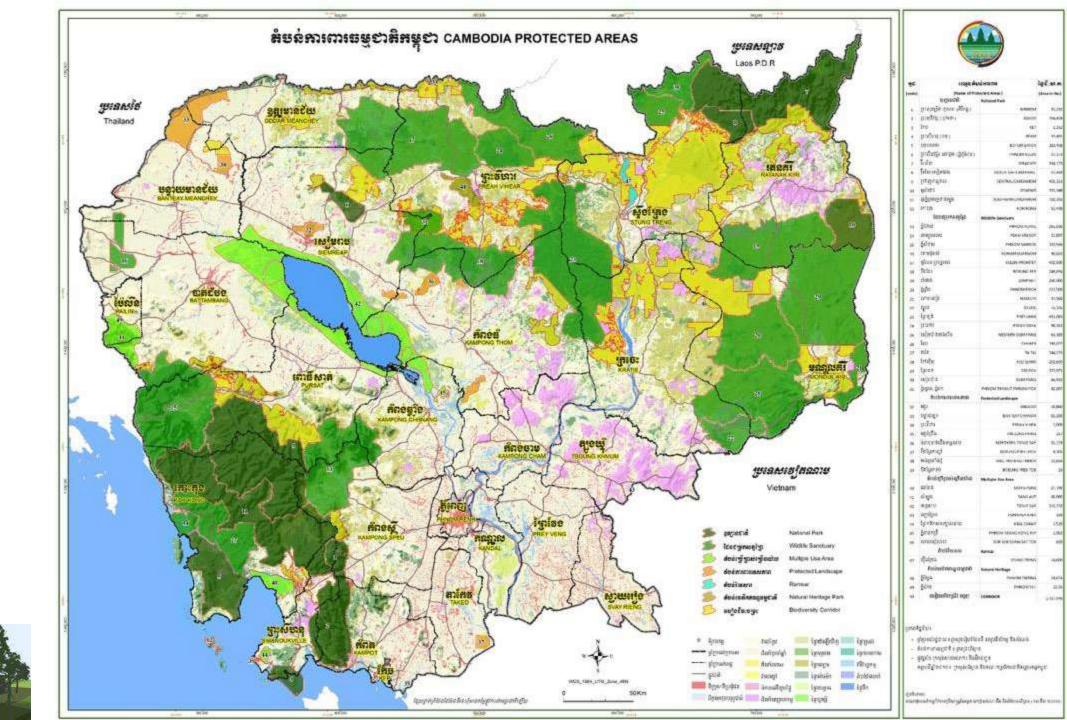
- Cambodia has achieved 7% annual growth for the last 14 years (ADB 2011)
- Poverty has fallen from 47.8% in 2007 to 18.9% in 2012*
- Income per capita increased from \$791.81 in 2010 to \$1,080.82 in 2014 and estimate to be \$1,637.41 in 2020.
- Economic engine: agriculture, garments, construction, tourism
- Poverty rate is higher in rural than urban areas, <u>in particular Plateau /</u> <u>Mountains is the poorest region (with 52% poverty rate)</u>, Tonle Sap (42%), plains (32%), coastal (27%) and PP (4.6%) (MoP 2014)
- Fisheries sector provides income and livelihood to 46% of total population



Communities and Protected Areas

- The Royal Government of Cambodia has made important reform in 2016 in the conservation and development sectors
 - Economic Land Concession is responsible by MAFF
 - Protected Areas is responsible by MOE
 - Currently MOE is managing 57 PAs including 3 biodiversity conservation corridors that cover 41% of total country size (7.4 million ha)
 - So far 767 CPAs and CFs have been officially recognized by MOE and MAFF

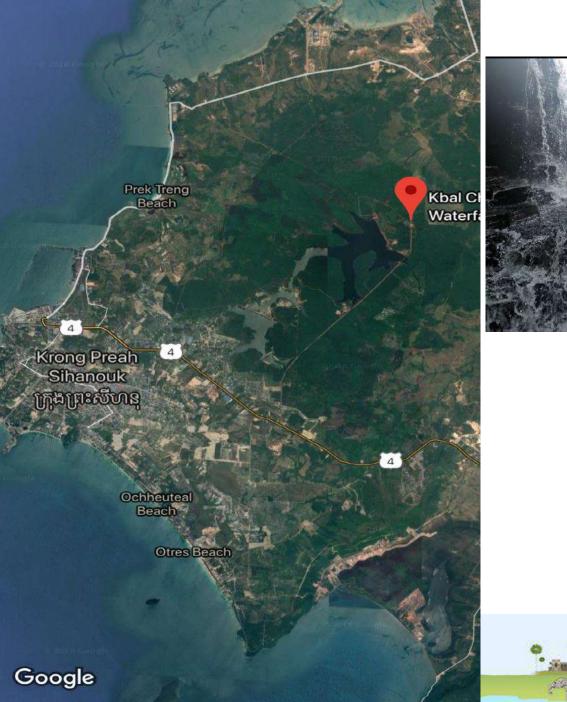




Projects and Policies on PES

- Piloting PES in Kulen National Park in Siem Reap province and Kbal Chhay in Preah Sihanouk province – domestic water supplies to cities
- Piloting PES at Kep National Park additional \$1 per room per night
- Promoting private and community based ecotourism in PAs environmental and social fund
- Carbon credit Keo Seima wild sanctuary (160,000ha), Prey Lang (431,000ha) and Southern Cardamom (400,000ha)
- Introducing alternative livelihood programs for communities living nearby and inside PAs

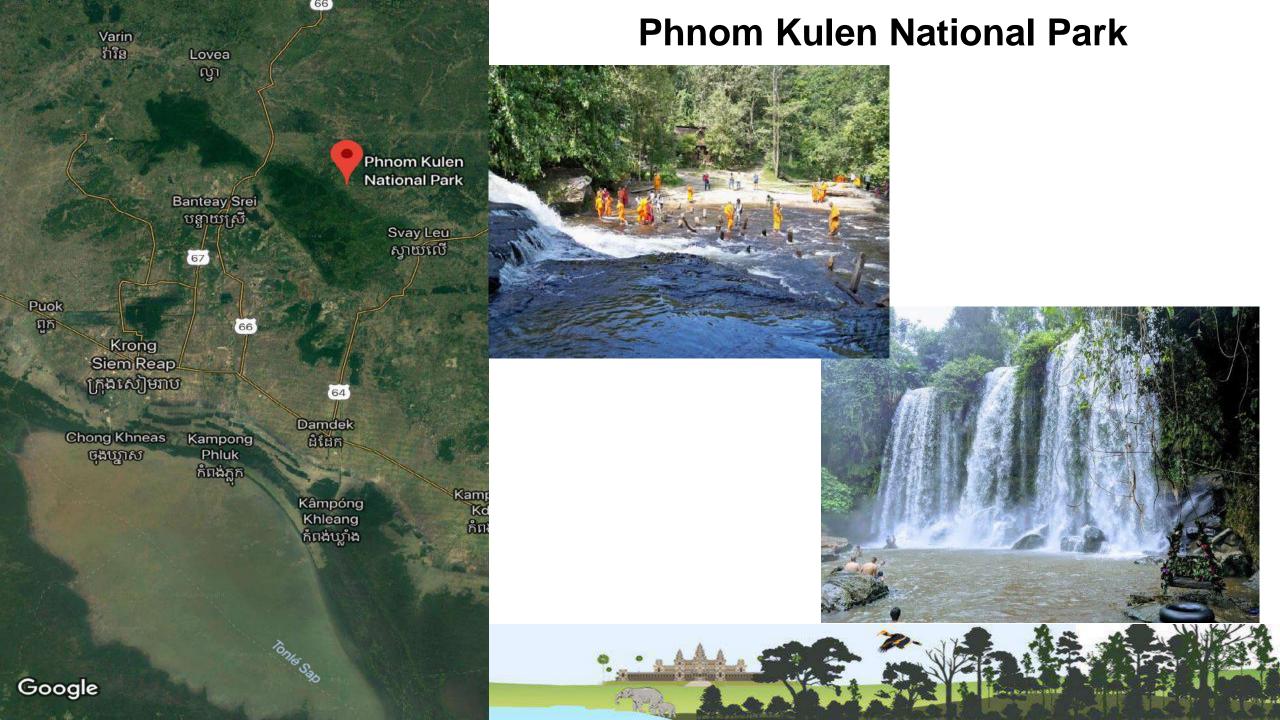




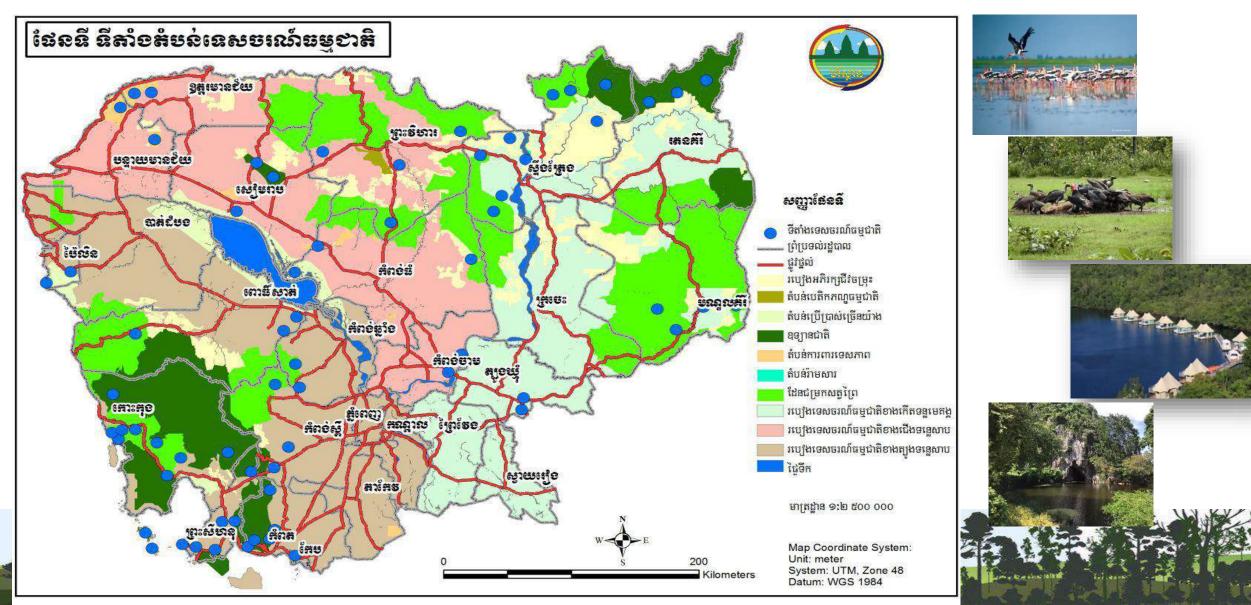
PES Kbal Chhay – domestic water supply







Potential and current ecotourism development projects



PES from Ecotourism development Social and Environmental Fund



