





MYANMAR PERSPECTIVES ON URBAN SYSTEMS AND DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES

Presented by

THE GMS URBAN DEVELOPMENT TASK FORCE OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE UNION OF MYANMAR

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THE NATIONAL URBAN SYSTEM OF MYANMAR

GMS Urban Development Task Force

14-15 November 2013. Kunming, China

URBAN SYSTEM IN MYANMAR

Urban Areas in Myanmar are by Notification regardless of size.

Altogether 366 Notified towns in 2009

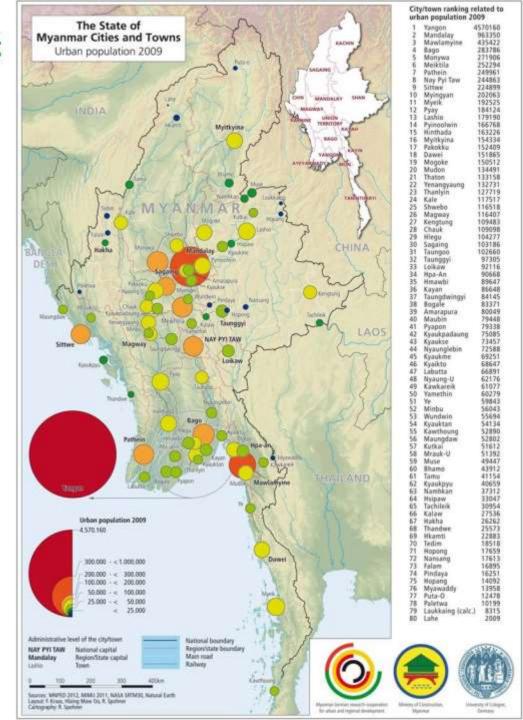
Total Population (Oct. 2010) = 59.78 million Population Growth Rate = 1.1%

Urban Population (Oct. 2010) = 18.34 million

% Urban = 30.68%

(Source: Statistical Year Book 2011,

CSO, Nay Pyi Taw, Myanmar, 2012)



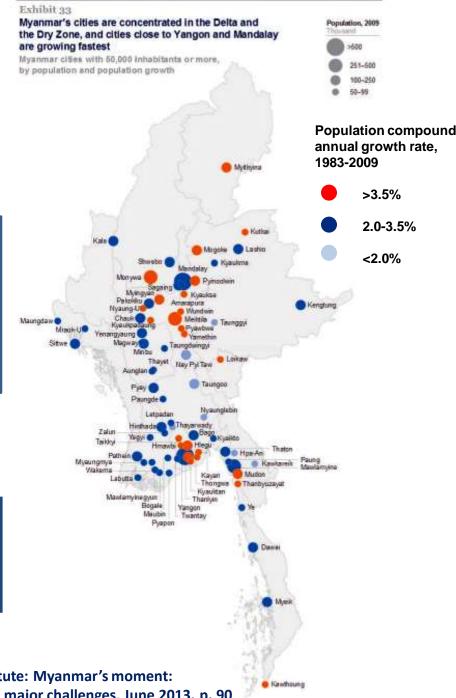
SECOND MEETING GMS Urban Development Task Force 14-15 November 2013. Kunming, China

Urbanization

The majority of Myanmar's citizens still live in the rural areas .. that is likely to change—at a rapid speed and on a large scale.

Mc Kinsey Global Institute: Myanmar's moment: Unique Opportunities, major challenges, June 2013. p. 8

With current national population growth rate of around 1.1%, the urban population growth rate is around 2.5 times higher than the national population growth rate.



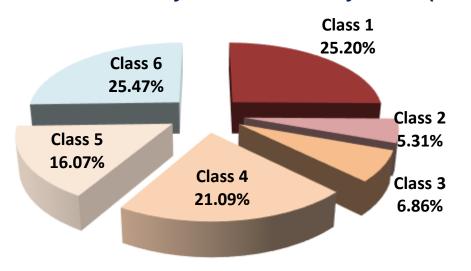
Mc Kinsey Global Institute: Myanmar's moment: Unique Opportunities, major challenges, June 2013. p. 90







Urban Centers by Size Class in Myanmar (2009)



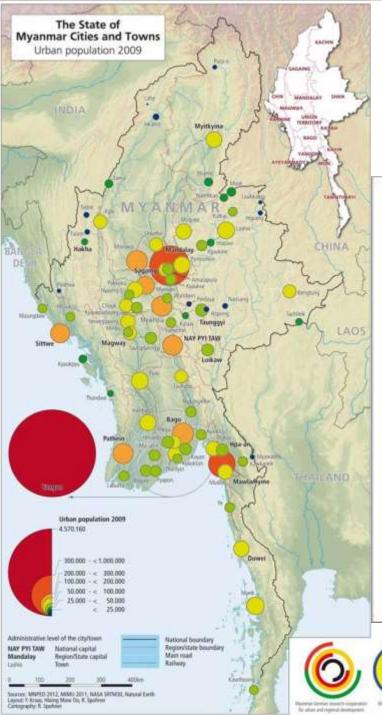
Total Population (2009) = 59.13 million (SYB 2011)
Population Urban = 18.13 million

% Urban = 30.66%

Pop. in Centers over 50,000 = 13.52 million (2009)

% of total population = 22. 86%

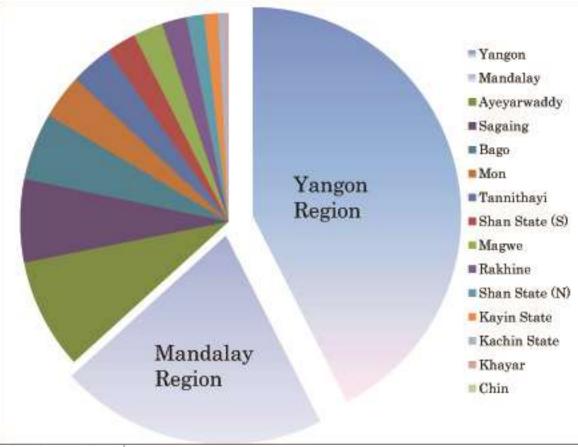
Size Class	Population Size	No. of Centers	Population	% of Total Urban
	More than 1 million	1	4,570,160	25.20%
II	500,000 - 1 million	1	963,350	5.31%
III	250,000-500,000	4	1,243,408	6.86%
IV	100,000 - 250,000	25	3,823,984	21.09%
V	50,000 - 100,000	43	2,914,725	16.07%
VI	Less than 50,000	292	4,619,027	25.47%
	Total	366	18,134,654	100.00%





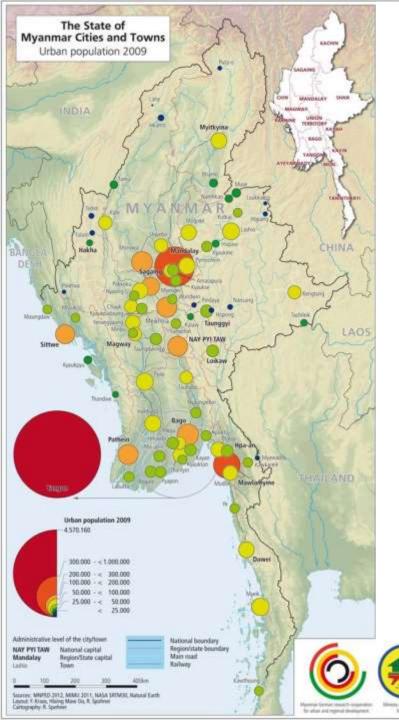


Distribution of large size private industries in 2009





Source: Kudo T., Kumagai S. [2012] "Two Polar Growth Strategy in Myanmar: Seeking 'High' and 'Balanced 'Development" IDE Discussion Paper No. 371



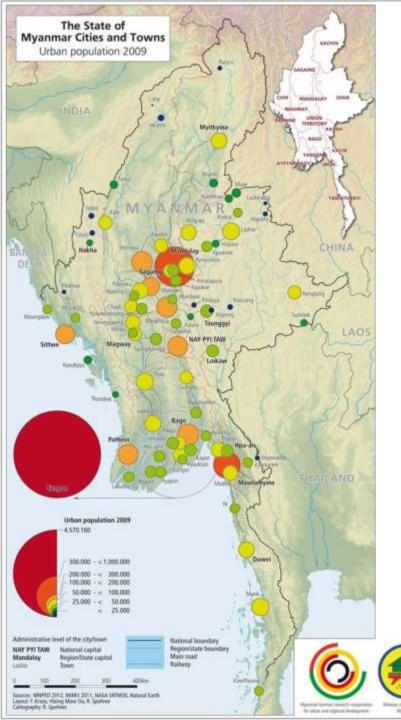




The Urban Centers of Myanmar

Bago, though historically an important trading hub, has for a long time been overshadowed by Yangon. However with the construction and move of an International Airport to its vicinity, and the interest of the industrialists in the areas around the airport, Bago may evolve into a peri-urban manufacturing center.





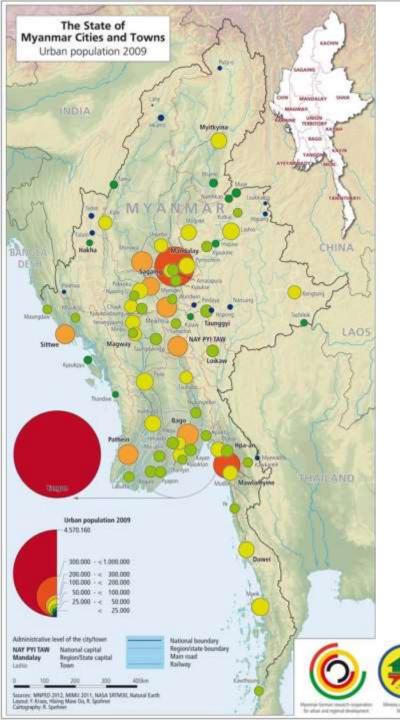




The Urban Centers of Myanmar

Mandalay, the second largest city and fast growing region of the nation is gaining more importance and population with the move of the administrative capital to Nay Pyi Taw, and improved connections to China and India. Its population has already crossed the benchmark of 1 million in the recent years.









The Urban Centers of Myanmar

Mawlamyine, lies at the crossroads of GMS East-West and Western corridors is one of the largest cities in Myanmar with strategic location which with proper planning and investment in the infrastructure will allow it to be a key regional center for future economic development of Myanmar.











SOME ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN THE ASSESSMENT OF THE URBANIZATION TREND OF MYANMAR

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Important GMS Border Crossings in Myanmar

1. Muse - Ruli

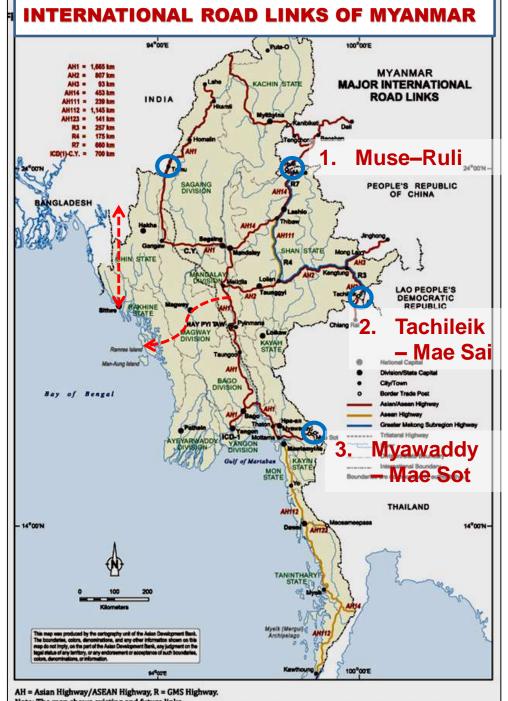
Trade, Tourism

2. Tachileik - Mae Sai

Tourism

3. Myawaddy - Mae Sot

Trade (Possibility of Tourism)



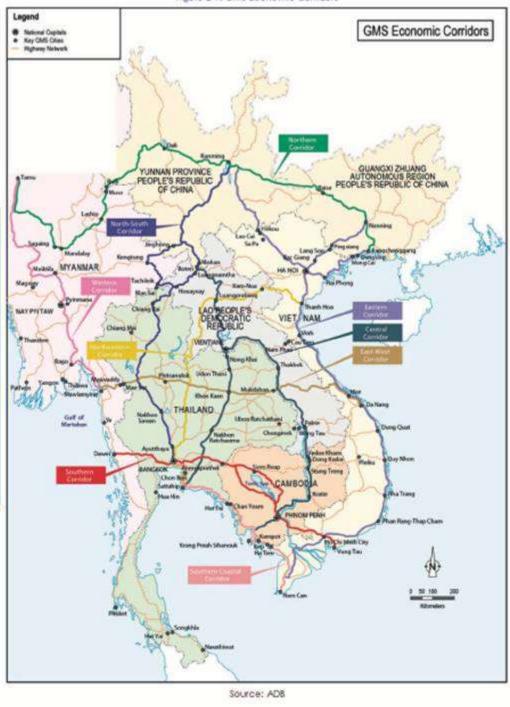
Note: The map shows existing and future links.

Source: ADB. Roads on the map are based on information provided by the Myanmar Port Authority, Ministry of Transport.

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Yangon (Municipality)	4570160	Western	More than 1 million	1
Mandalay (Municipality)	963350	Western, Northern	500,000 - 1 million	2
Mawlamyine	435422	East-West, Western		3.
Bago	283786	Western	250,000-500,000	
Meikhtilar	252294	Western		
Nay Pyl Taw (Municipality)	244863	Western		4
Lashio	179190	Northern		
Pyin Oo Lwin	166768	Northern		
Dawae	151865	Southern	100,000-250,000	
Tha Hlone	133158	East-West	100,000-230,000	
Ka Lay	117517	Northern		
Sagaing	103186	Northern		
Taungoo	102660	Western		
Kyauk Sae	73457	Western		5
Kyauk Mae	69251	Northern	50,000-100,000	
Kyalk Hto	68647	East-West	50,000-100,000	
Yamethin	60279	Western		
Muse	49447	Northern		6
Tamu	41154	Northern	less than 50,000	
Tarchileik	30954	Central	transmitted and	



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Future Development Zones and Arterial Highways

TOURISM ATTRACTION ZONE



DENSELY POPULATED AREA

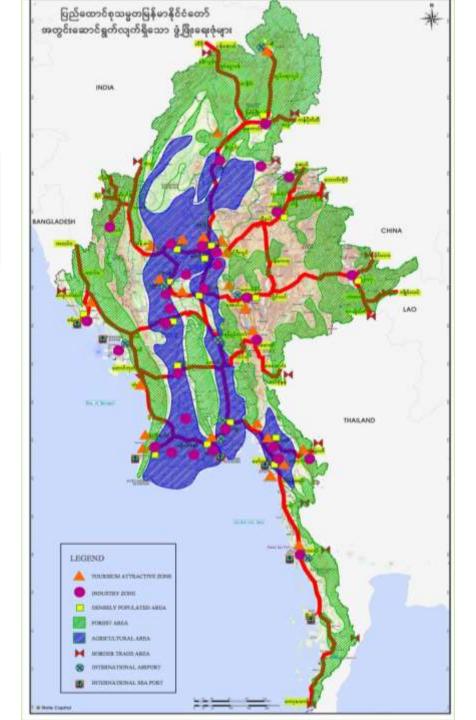
BORDER TRADE AREA

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

INTERNATIONAL SEA PORT

FOREST AREA

AGRICULTURAL AREA



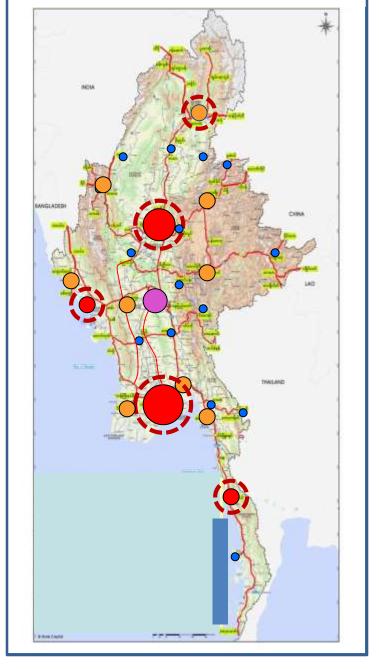
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CONCEPT OF CONCENTRATED DECENTRALIZATION DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

- Capital City
 (Administrative, Transport & Logistic Hub)
- National Economic Growth Centre (SEZ, Port, Int. Airport, Trading, Financial)
- Secondary Regional Growth center
- Other Towns with Different Growth Potentials

Main Corridor
Emerging Regional Corridor
Major Communication Axis



Source: DHSHD, MoC







Thank You!

For more information:

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