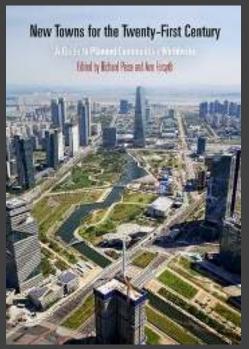
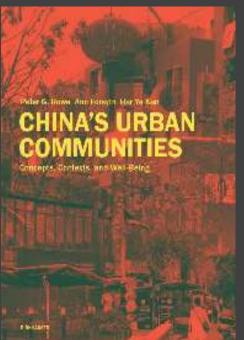
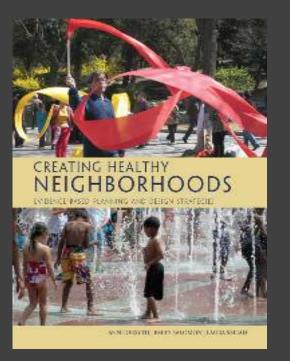
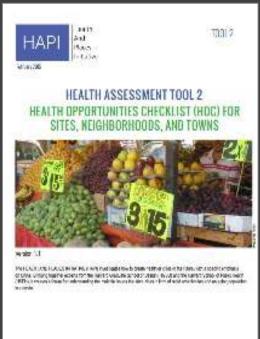


Ann Forsyth, Ruth and Frank Stanton Professor of Urban Planning, Harvard University December 2020









Part 1: Health, Wellbeing, and Place Many connections

Part 2: Models for Healthy Places

Models deal with places and processes,
populations, and technologies

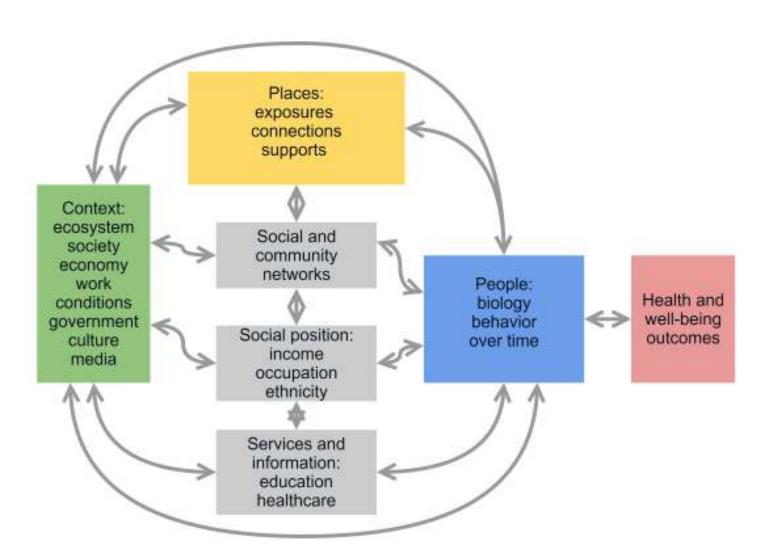
Part 3: Paths Forward

Modest changes likely

What is Health? The Health Perspective



What are the Causes or Determinants of Health?



Places are part of the picture

Chronic rather than infectious diseases are the big killers (as they are generally)



May 2015

Global Household Changes, Aging, Health, and Place

A RESEARCH BRIEF VERSION 1.0



The HEALTH AND PLACES INITIATIVE (HAPI) investigates how to create healthier cities in the future, with a specific emphasis on China. Bringing together experts from the Harvard Graduate School of Design (HGSD) and the Harvard School of Public Health (HSPH), it creates a forum for understanding the multiple issues that face cities in light of rapid urbanization and an aging population worldwide.

Many Connections between Health and Place

Exposures

- Air quality
- Climate change
- Disasters
- Infections
- Noise
- Pollutants/toxics
- Safety hazards—accidents, crime
- Water quality

Connections

- Accessibility to services
- Healthcare access (physical)
- Social capital/connections
- Universal design

Supports and challenges

- Healthy eating
- Mental health/well-being
- Physical activity

Differ by populations



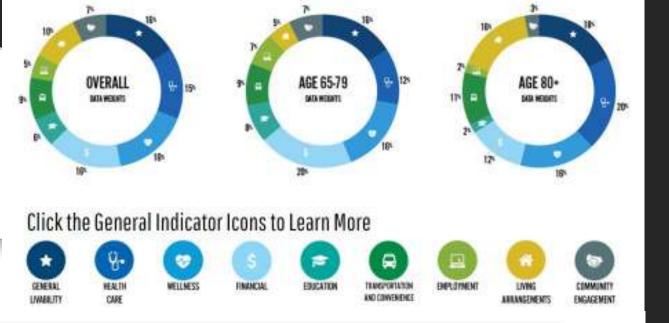
Part 1: Health, Wellbeing, and Place Many connections

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Part 3: Paths Forward

Modest changes likely



Small Cities - Overall Rankings

		OVERALL	
METRO	÷	Rank	Score +
Iowa City, IA		1	80.44
Manhattan, KS	Daniel Control	2	79.47
Ames, IA	Best Cities for Successful Aging	3	79.04
Columbia, MO	, 19.119	4	79.03
Sioux Falls, SD	T)	5	78.58
Ann Arbor, MI		6	74.77
Ithaca, NY	, L. N. M.	7	74.70
Lauranca VC		0	74.64

What is an Example of a Healthy Place?

Typical definitions:

Places where healthy people live

Places with **features thought to be health promoting**

Places **deliberately** planned and designed with a comprehensive suite of features to promote health



Places Designed to Be Healthy

The city and neighborhood scale

Classic healthy places

- (a) healthy built environments
- (b) collaborative healthy cities

Population-based lenses

- (c) age-friendly
- (d) child-friendly

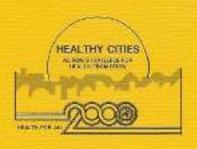
Technology-focused places

- (e) healthcare industrial cities
- (f) smart health environments

2020 **A. Forsyth.** What is a Healthy Place? Models for Cities and Neighborhoods. *Journal of Urban Design* 25, 2: 186-202; 2011 K. Crewe and **A. Forsyth**. Compactness and Connection in Environmental Design: Insights from Ecoburbs and Ecocities for Design with Nature. *Environment and Planning B* 38, 2: 267-288.

WHO HEALTHY CITIES PROJECT

Promoting Health in the Urban Context



WHO HEALTHY CITIES PAPERS

No. 1

1986



Shanghai Consensus on Healthy Cities 2016

We — more than 100 areas from amond the world — over occur together on 21 November 2016 in Shanghai, China — united the knowledge that hoolth and ourseasable unban development are inentifiably linked, and stouchastly committed to advancing both. We also renegates that health and wellning are at the core of the United Nations Development, Agenda 2030 and its Sustainable Development Coals.

Classic Healthy Places

Idea: Develop a physical and/or institutional structure to support health

- (a) Healthy built environment
- (b) Healthy communities' inter-sectoral collaboration

Narrow: cycling city

Broad: the best of the WHO Healthy Cities, healthy

new towns



Belfast Healthy Cities

Our vision is to be a leader in creating a healthy, equitable and sustainable city



About | Health Literacy | Health Inequality | Healthy Places | WHO Europe | Awards | News | Publications | Contact





health literacy

health inequality





healthy places

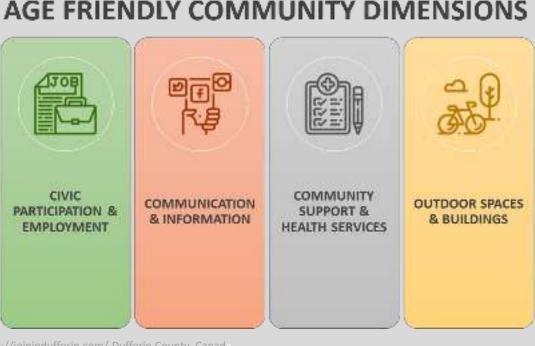
BHC awards







AGE FRIENDLY COMMUNITY DIMENSIONS



Population-based lenses

Idea: Focus on populations with health vulnerabilities—old and young

- (c) Age-friendly communities
- (d) Child friendly community

Narrow: adding senior exercise programs or child

participation

Broad: best of the WHO Age Friendly Communities

A Forsyth, H.Y. Kan, J. Molinsky. 2019, mproving Housing and Neighborhoods for the Vulnerable: Older People, Small Households, Urban Design, and Planning. Urban Design International.



UNICEF Child Friend Cities Initiative Goals (1996-)

Cities For Play

ADDIT PUBLICATIONS INSPIRAZION BLOG EVENTS CONTACT

Lessons from Singapore:

Designing Child Friendly Neighbourhoods



Image: Car-free street day, Kempong Glem Singapore, photo by the Housing Development Board

DO NOT START TO CROSS

Older people tap transit card for longer crossing time in Singapore

Health Technology Cities

Idea: Harness technology for the economy and/or heath monitoring and assistance

- (e) Healthcare industrial city
- (f) Smart health environment

Narrow: adding gadgets

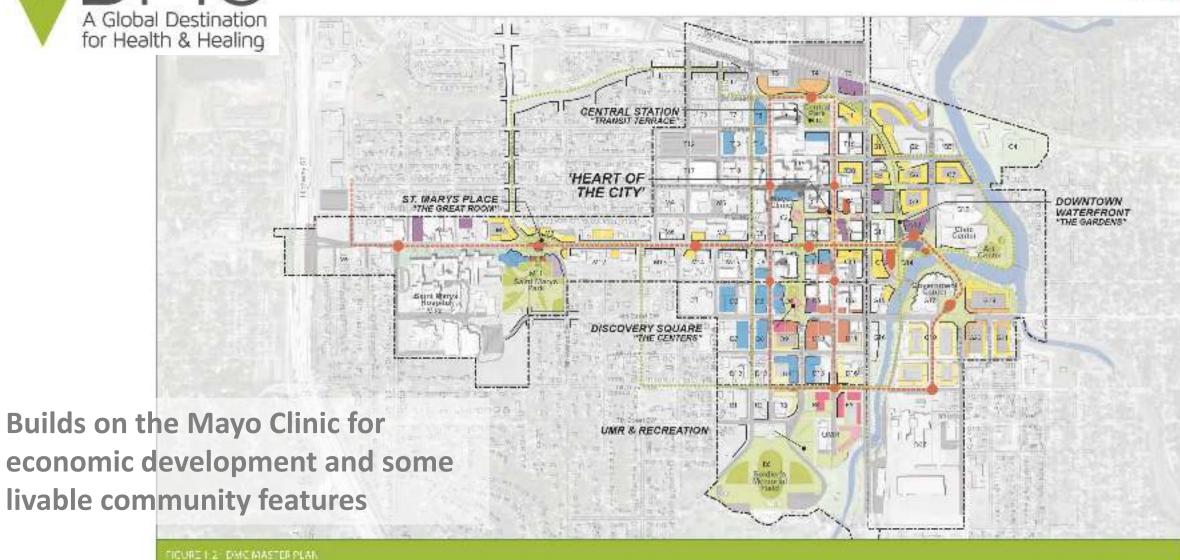
Broad: combining technology with Classic

Healthy City approaches



Destination Medical Center – Rochester, MN -- 2018







ABOUT

INITIATIVE

ZONE 1

MANAGEMENT

TOUR

LINK

ACCESS

What is a smart orly? What is going more Smart City? Three zones Acres KASHIWA-NO-HA SMART CITY TOUR Gate Square course 04 Energy Suiding

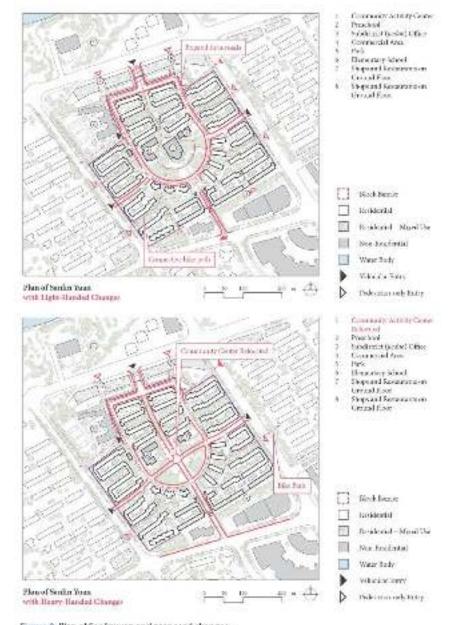


Figure 8. Plan of Sanlinyuan and proposed changes.

2017 H.Y. Kan, **A. Forsyth**, and P. Rowe. Redesigning China's Superblock Neighborhoods: Policies, Opportunities, and Challenges. *Journal of Urban Design* 22, 6: 257-277.

Healthy Cities in the Post-COVID-19 Era

Part 1: Health, Wellbeing, and Place Many connections

Part 2: Models for Healthy Places

Models deal with (a) places and processes,

(b) populations, and (c) technologies

Part 3: Paths Forward

Modest changes likely



To make big changes use many strategies at once.

Four Paths

Path 1 Forgetting

Path 2 Preparedness

Path 3 Sectoral shifts

Path 4 Healthy communities



Part 1: Health, Wellbeing, and Place Many connections

Part 2: Models for Healthy Places

Models deal with places and processes,
populations, and technologies

Part 3: Paths Forward

Modest changes likely but more
comprehensive collaborations would help