



Elderly Care System Development Forum – A Case Study of Yichang City and International Experience Exchange 26-28 September 2022

PLANNING AND PROGRAMMING FOR ELDERLY CARE SYSTEM AND SERVICES IN MONGOLIA

Tungalagtamir Sandag, Director, Population Development Department, Ministry of Labor and Social Protection, Mongolia





رصابق معمد م محاطيمت ، شاريم م موسليه م خوا

STATISICS



Population dynamics of Mongolia

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2040	2050
Total number of population	3,177,899	3,238,479	3,296,866	3,357,542	3,409,939	4,491,875	5,196,917
Total number of elderly	273,468.	290,258.	310,319	399,916	344,641	748,198	1,029,808
Proportion of elderly	8.6%	9.0%	9.4%	11.9%	10.1%	16.7%	19.8%





THE GOVERNMENT POLICY ON ELDERLY: Elderly Law (2017)

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Vision-2050: Long-Term Development Policy of Mongolia



Action Plan 2020-2024 of the Government of Mongolia **Objective 2.3.** Support sustainable population growth and develop active and creative citizens and families.

Objective 2.6. Ensure the balance of the labor economics and create job opportunities making income through economic productive activities

Objective 2.2. Make reforms in health care systems to be quality, accessible and effective.

Objective 2.3. Implement family-friendly policies and support sustainable population growth and human development.

Objective 3.1. Reform the social welfare system.

Objective 3.2. Create a system for providing affordable housing that meets the purchasing power of families.

Objective 3.5. Create a quality, accessible and effective system for physical activities and sports.

Objective 2.1. Strengthen disease prevention and early screening/ detection, expand the application of modern diagnostic and treatment technologies into practice, and improve the quality and accessibility of health care and services.

Objective 2.2. Make public physical activities to be an integral part of a healthy and active lifestyle, support professional sports, and increase the competitiveness of sportsmen/women at the global and Olympic levels.

Objective 2.5. Reform the social insurance system and optimize social welfare system by increasing employment opportunities and ensure human development, and expand the middle class and improve the quality of life of Mongolians.



Impacts

The following trends are observed in social and economic conditions as a result of increased longevity. It includes:

- Reduced tax revenue;
- Significant increase in costs of social insurance and social welfare scheme
- Increase in the number of ineligible recipients that receive pensions and allowances from the Social Insurance Fund will require the Government to increase financial allocation.
- The increasing proportion of older people in the population will require greater social services than are currently offered.
- There is a growing need for health care system to shift its focus from overly focused pediatric to gerontology

Challenges

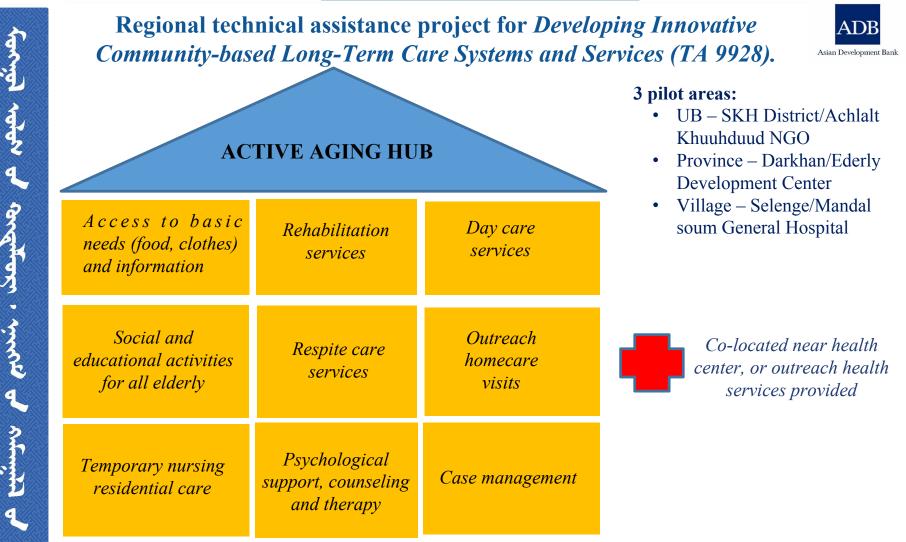
- Weak system of the integrated long-term care systems and services for the elderly
- Insufficient funding and weak integrated funding system,
- Limited and less accessible services for the elderly
- Lack of multi-sectoral stakeholder collaboration and coordination





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Developing Innovative Community-Based Long-Term Care Systems and Services in Mongolia



HEALTHY AND ACTIVE AGING HUB MODEL









Thank you for your attention

